

Rivers and the key features

Delta

A river delta is a landform that forms from deposition of sediment (rock) carried by a river as the flow leaves its mouth and enters slower-moving or standing water. This occurs where a river enters an ocean, sea, estuary, lake, reservoir, or another river that cannot transport away the supplied sediment.



Confluence

The junction
between two
rivers



Canal



An artificial waterway constructed to allow the passage of boats or ships inland.

Estuary

The tidal mouth of a large river, where the tide meets the stream.



Meander

A river following a winding course



Mouth

Part of the river that flows into a large stream or ocean



Oxbow lake

A curved lake formed from a horseshoe bend in a river where the main stream has cut across the narrow end and no longer flows around the loop of the bend.



Tributary



A river or stream flowing into a larger river or lake

Waterfall

A cascade of water falling from a height, formed when a river or stream flows over a precipice or steep incline.



Your task:

You are going to make a poster about rivers to stick in your topic books. These posters must have as many key features as possible with definitions. The more definitions you include, the more dojos you get!

Remember:

Delta

Mouth

Meander

Canal

Confluence

Estuary

Oxbow lake

Tributary

Waterfall