## Area & Perimeter



WALT: To calculate the area of compound shapes by using the correct formula

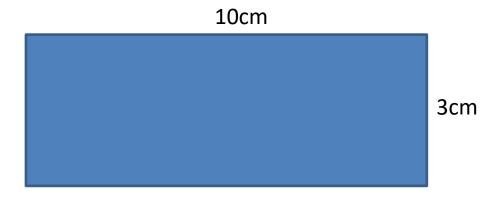
Bronze: I can use a formula to calculate the area of simple compound shapes

**Silver**: I can use a formula to calculate the area of compound shapes with higher measurements

**Gold**: I can use formula to calculate the area of complexicompound shapes with missing measurements

- <u>Perimeter</u>: The distance around the outside of a shape
- To calculate the perimeter, you add together
  <u>all</u> the sides of a shape

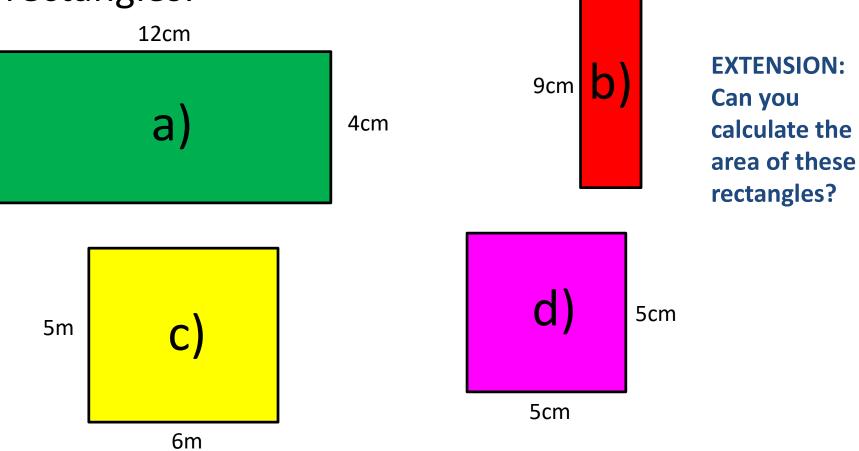
• Example:



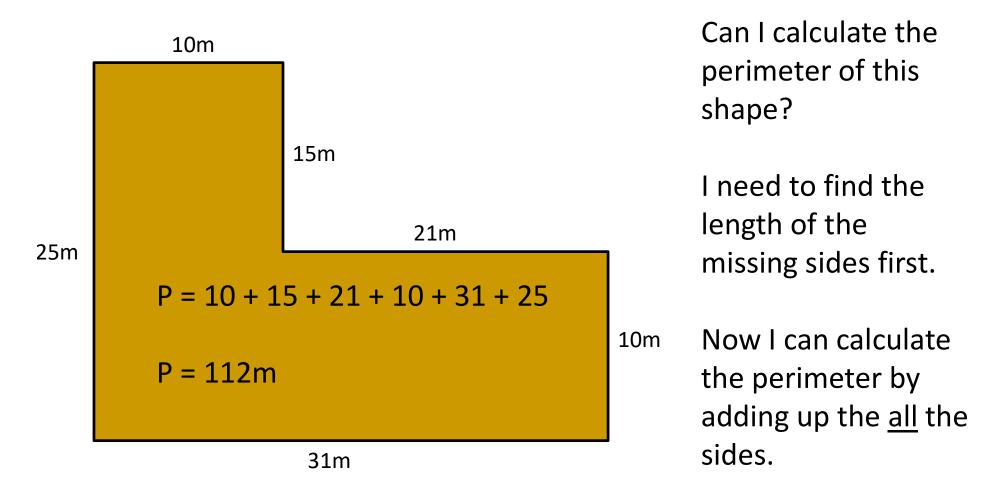
P = 10 + 3 + 10 + 3

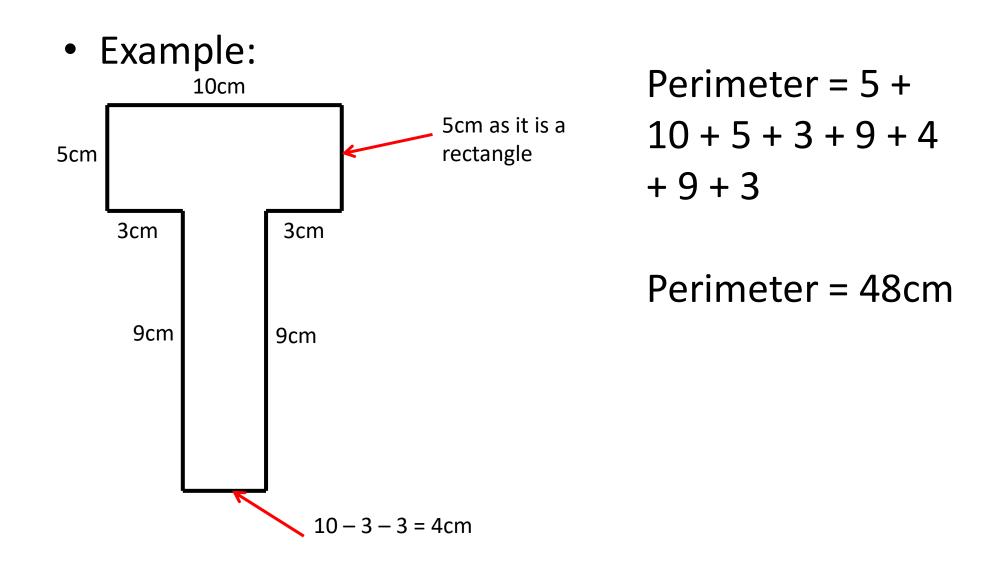
P = 26cm

Calculate the perimeter of the following rectangles:



## **Compound Perimeter**





#### Area of a rectangle

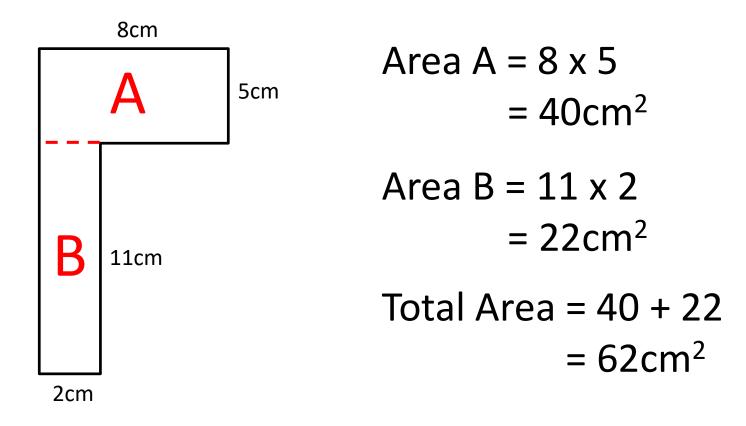
• Area of a rectangle = length x width

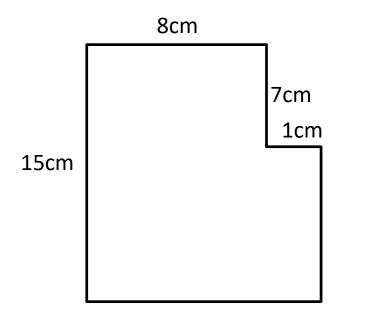


Area =  $4 \times 12$ 

Area = 
$$48$$
cm<sup>2</sup>

12cm





#### <u>Area & Perimeter</u>

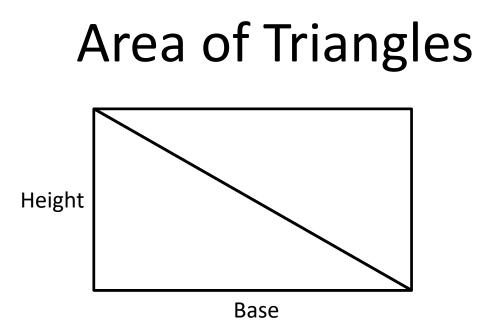
08/01/2021

WALT: To calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles

**Bronze**: I can use the correct formula to find the area of a triangle

Silver: I can use the correct formula to find the area of a triangle and the area of a parallelogram

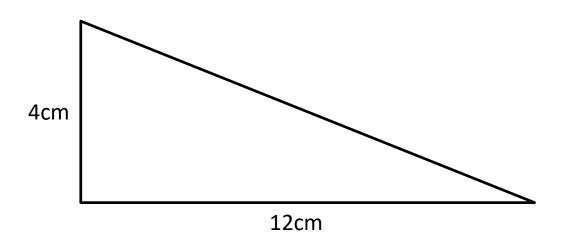
**Gold**: I can use the correct formula to find the area of simple compound shapes made from triangles and parallelograms



Area of a triangle = ½ x base x height
 = ½bh

## Area of a Triangle

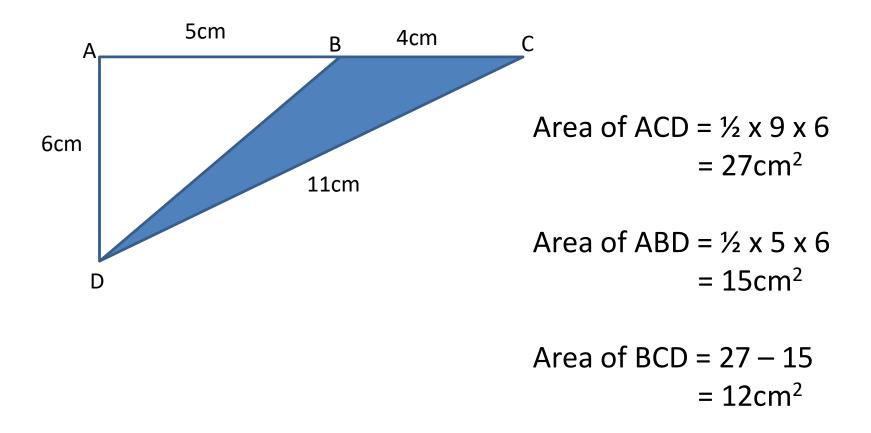
• Calculate the area of this triangle.

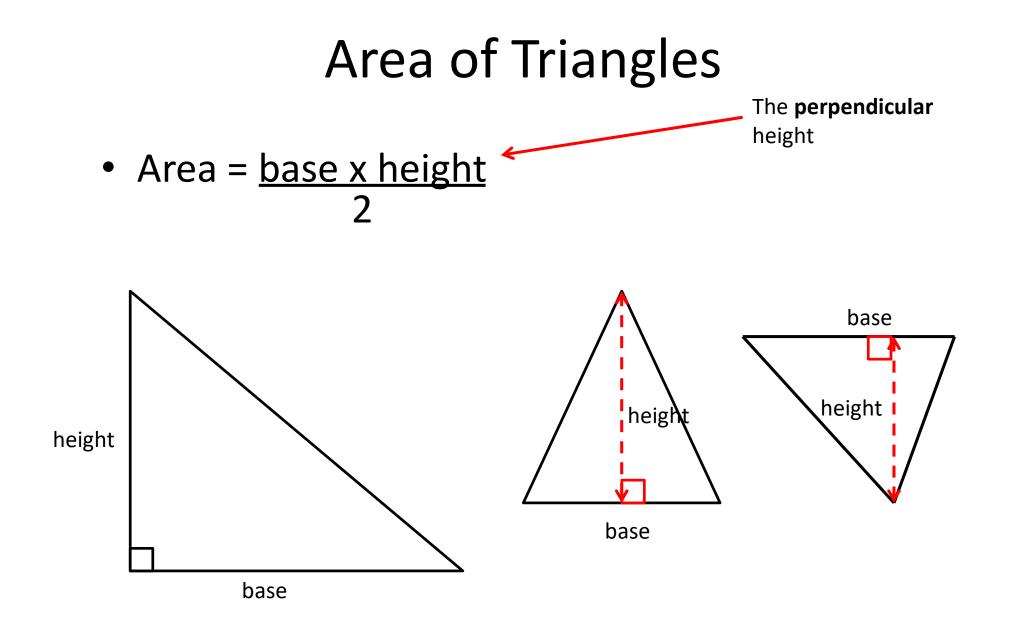


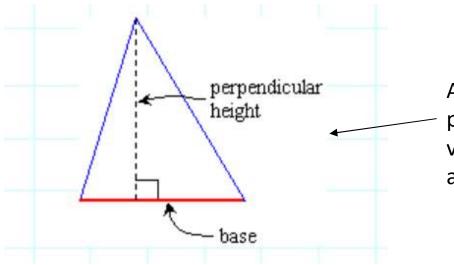
Area =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 12$ = 24cm<sup>2</sup>

## Area of Triangles

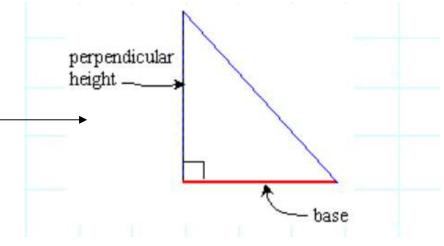
• Find the area of the shaded triangle BCD.



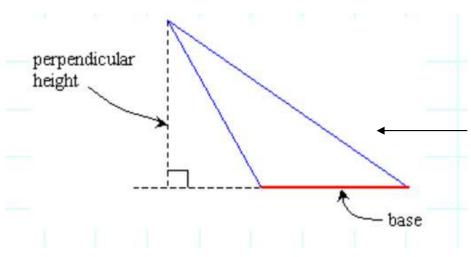




Any side can be the base, and then the perpendicular height extends from the vertex opposite the base to meet the base at a 90° angle.



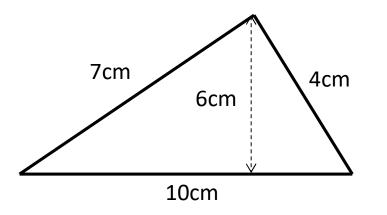
For a right angled triangle, the perpendicular height can be one of the sides.



For an obtuse angled triangle (a triangle with an angle greater than 90°) the perpendicular height may lie outside of the triangle itself.

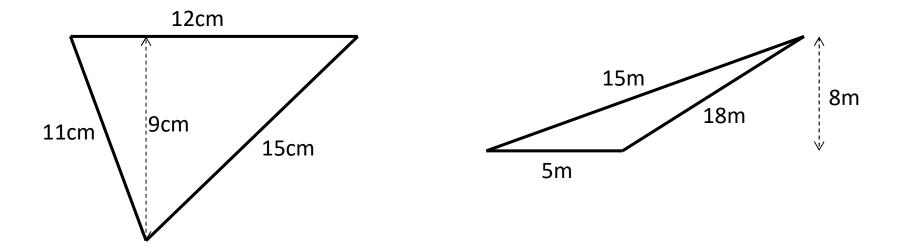
## Area of Triangles

• Find the area of the following triangle.

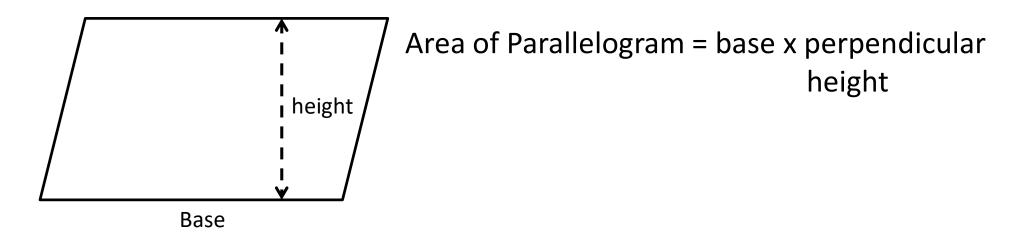


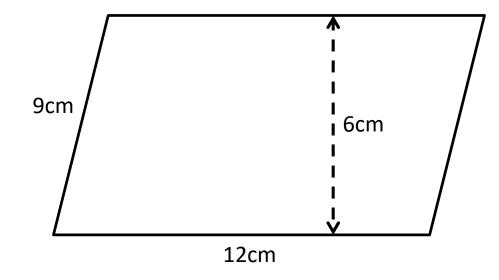
Area =  $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 \times 6$ = 30cm<sup>2</sup>

#### Area of Triangles

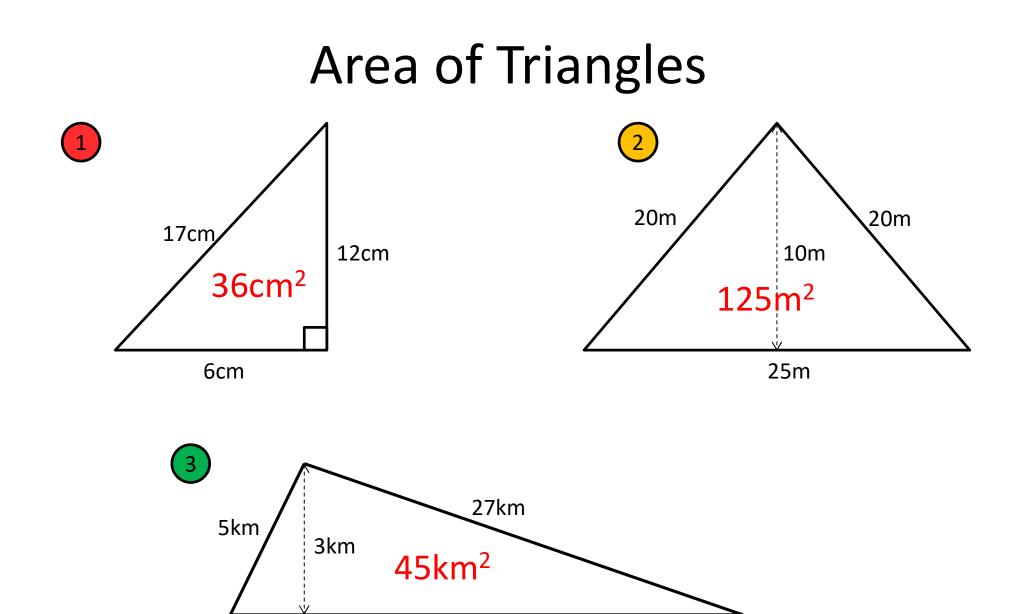


## Area of a Parallelogram



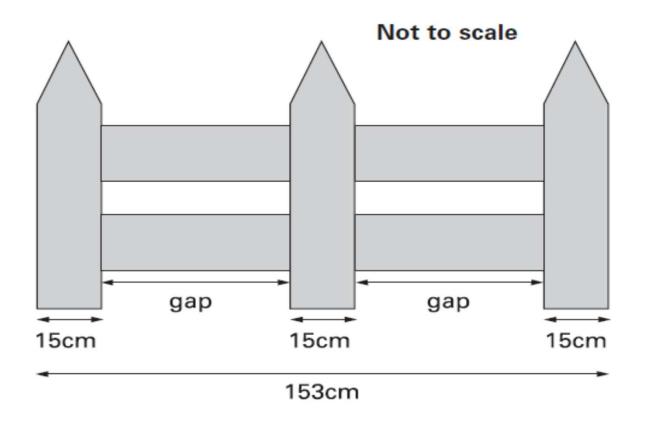


Area = 
$$6 \times 12$$
  
=  $72 \text{ cm}^2$ 



30km

This fence has three posts, equally spaced.



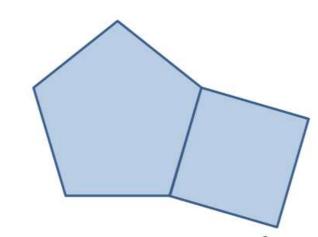
Each post is 15 centimetres wide.

The length of the fence is 153 centimetres.

Calculate the length of one gap between two posts.



This shape is made of a regular pentagon and a square.

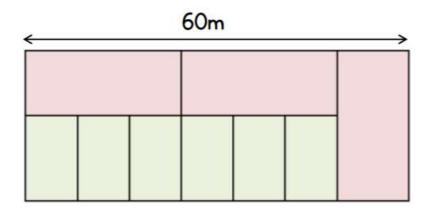


The area of the square is  $8 \text{lcm}^2$ .

Find the perimeter of the shape.

2

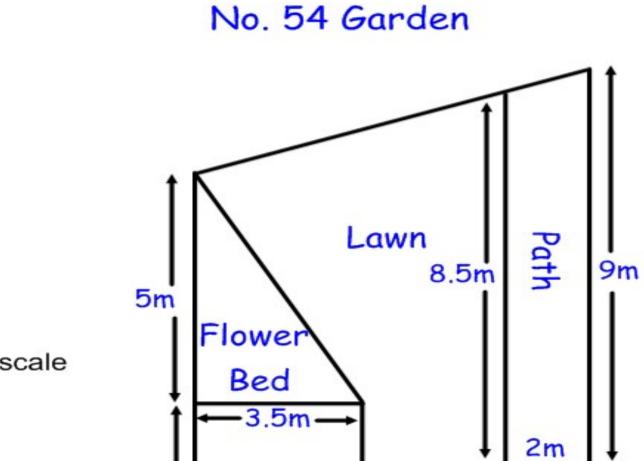
This diagram is made up of two different sized rectangles.



For each large rectangle the length is double the width.

The length of the diagram is 60m.

Find the area of one of the small rectangles.



Patio

-8m

2m

4m

Not to scale

# Area of Compound Shapes Grade D 08/01/2021 Learning Objectives: Able to calculate areas of trapezia Able to split up a compound shape Able to find the area of a compound shape

- To find the area of compound shapes, split them up into their composite shapes.
- Find the area of each shape, then add them together

