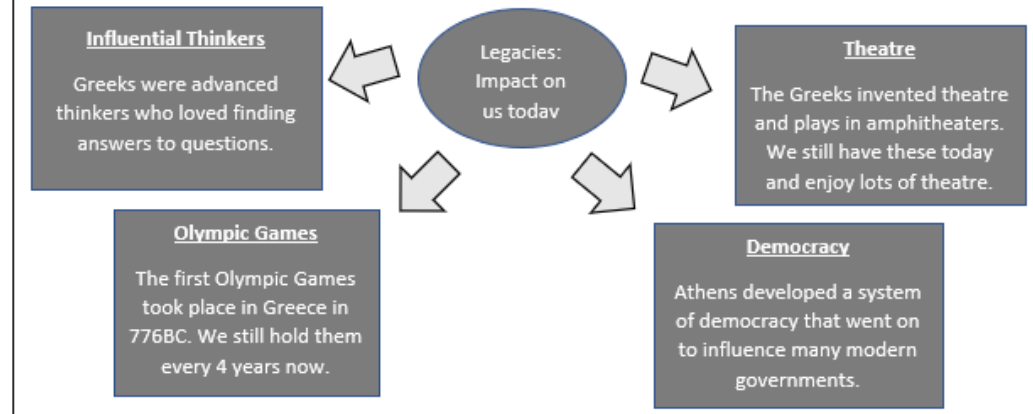




How does Ancient Greek life impact upon us today?

Key Vocabulary	
civilisation 	A civilisation is organised. This means it has laws, culture, a regular way of getting food, and ways to protect its people. Most civilizations have agriculture (a way to grow food), and a system of government, such as kings and queens or elections.
democracy 	Democracy means 'rule by the people'. In a democracy, like the UK, the people elect the government and have a say in how it is run. They do this by voting in elections.
Society 	Society is not just the community that you live in, it is all the groups of people that share the same laws, rights, and resources and live under the same flag.
Acropolis 	A highly rocky mound in Athens that is home to many temples including the Parthenon.
Ancient 	Belonging to the very distant past generally thousands of years ago
city state 	Greece was split into separate groups called city states. They made their own rules, had their own laws and often clashed with each other.
Sparta 	A famous city state that focused on a strong military and total discipline.
Athens 	The centre of the Ancient Greek world which went on to become the capital of modern Greece.
philosophy 	The Ancient Greek world saw the birth of philosophy which is the art of thinking about life and the world we are in.



Philosopher means love of wisdom

Influential People	Picture	Impact
Hippocrates		<p>Hippocrates was a Greek doctor. Before he came along, people thought illnesses were a punishment from the Gods.</p> <p>Hippocrates realized illnesses had natural causes and he treated symptoms instead of praying for them to recover.</p> <p>Doctors still have to repeat the Hippocratic Oath now.</p>
Archimedes		<p>Famous Greek Scientist</p> <p>He discovered that you could use water to work out the volume of things</p>
Pythagoras		<p>Pythagoras' theory can be used to calculate the length of any side in a right-angled triangle</p>

