

Examples of habitats woodland



Hedgehogs make
a nest in leaves
in woods.

pond



Goldfish can
breathe in water.

seashore



Crabs are
omnivores and
eat seaweed.

polar



Polar bears
are carnivores
and eat seals.

ocean



Stingrays live
in saltwater.







rainforest



Spider monkeys
find food high
up in the
treetops.

Living things and their habitats – Year 2

Key vocabulary

living	Living things are plants and animals.  
dead	Dead things include dead animals, plants and parts of plants and animals that are no longer attached.  
never been alive	Objects made of rock, metal and plastic have never been alive.  
habitat	The place where an animal or plant lives and provides their basic needs – shelter , food and water .
micro-habitat	A very small habitat e.g. A log that woodlice live under.
food chain	These show how animals get their food from plants and other animals.

Examples of micro-habitats

in leaf litter



Caterpillars need
leaves to eat.

under stones



Woodlice can be
found hiding under
stones.

under logs



Worms prefer
dark, damp
places.

in shrubs



Ladybirds live in
shrubs and trees.

Food chains



grass



grasshopper



spider

The grass is **eaten by** the grasshopper.
The grasshopper is **eaten by** the spider.



leaf



snail



bird

The leaf is **eaten by** the snail.
The snail is **eaten by** the bird.