
















Why is the Mediterranean so special?

Vocabulary	Definition	Vocabulary	Definition
Tropics of cancer 	An invisible line between the North Pole and Equator	climate 	The weather of a location.
hemisphere 	The equator split the globe into 2 halves/ hemispheres	rivers 	Flowing body of water.
country 	An area land that has a government.	Sea 	Body of salt water.
Rural 	The countryside	Ocean 	A very large body of water.
Cliff 	A steep rock face.	mountain 	A large steep hill.
coastal 	Where the land meets the sea.	lake 	A large area of water, surrounded by
Peninsula 	a piece of land almost entirely surrounded by water .	Lagoon 	a stretch of salt water separated from the sea by islands, a low sandbank or coral reef.
Village 	A small town.		



Human features of Italy

The Colosseum

Tower of Pisa

Milan Cathedral



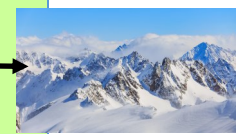
Physical features of Italy

Lake Garda

Mount Vesuvius

Apennines

The Alps



	Venice	Nottingham
Location	Northern Hemisphere Europe Italy City	Northern Hemisphere, Europe UK, City
Climate	Hot, dry summers and mild winters	Mild summers and cool winters, rain often and snow rarely.
Key Human Features	Canals Bridges that link the city together	Nottingham Castle Museum of Caves
Key Physical Features	Canals 126 islands	River Trent Sherwood Forest
Transport	Water buses Water taxis	Tram Bus Cars
Education	Schools are based in old buildings with original features still intact	Bright classrooms with displays and large playgrounds

Mountains
Summer—Hiking + Mountain Biking
Winter—Skiing

Lakes
Tourism, fishing and growing fruit

How is land used in Italy?

Farmland
Growing olives, tomatoes, fruit and cereals

Coastlines
Tourism and Fishing